Garw and Ogmore Vale FRP Objectives

- Maintain timber production where appropriate. This will provide opportunities to diversify species and structure of the woodlands, which will enhance the sustainability and resilience of the forests, as well as provide economic benefits.
- Diversify the forest species composition to increase resilience to pests and diseases, and the effects of climate change, whilst building a robust forest for future generations. Remove remaining stands of larch and manage ash appropriately for ash die back disease.
- Increase structural diversity through Low Impact Silvicultural management, and natural regeneration, where appropriate.
- Invest in forest infrastructure to provide better access to allow more diverse management prescriptions within the woodlands, carry out regular thinning where possible, remove remaining larch stands, carry out conservation objectives, and provide recreation opportunities.
- Work with partners and other NRW teams to identify and deliver opportunities
 to connect and enhance priority habitats and protected areas within and
 adjacent to FRP woodlands to improve resilience and connectivity and prevent
 negative impacts from management activities. Such as connecting and
 restoring ancient and native woodland, connecting open habitats and rides,
 creating varied edge habitats where they adjoin upland heath grassland, and
 restoring areas of afforested deep peat, and planning for management of
 suitable habitats for nightjars across the FRP area.
- Work with partners to encourage and increase responsible use and recreation on the WGWE to deliver wellbeing benefits for local communities, user groups and visitors, and to reduce anti-social behaviour, including off-road vehicles, unauthorised mountain bike routes, and fly tipping.
- Welsh Government Woodland Estate management should not contribute to the existing level of flood risk both within the woodlands and anywhere offsite and where possible, measures should be implemented to reduce any potential risk of flooding; both are to be achieved through good forestry practice in accordance with the latest UK Forestry Standard and relevant forestry guidance; and through consultation and engagement with the relevant Lead Local Flood Authority during planning of felling operations. Consider measures to retain water on site for as long as possible, and opportunities for Natural Flood Management where appropriate.
- Welsh Government Woodland Estate management should not cause any reduction of water quality both within on-site water features and watercourse draining off-site through good forestry practice in accordance with the latest UK Forestry Standard and relevant forestry guidance.

- Reduce the risk of wildfires by planning and delivering appropriate fire control
 measures during and after operations, such as creating and managing fire
 breaks around restock areas and open areas and working with South Wales
 Fire Service to plan and implement measures on the estate.
- Work with our partners and communities to identify how and where the WGWE can deliver nature-based solutions to improve health and wellbeing, and provide opportunities to connect people with nature, and where we can involve communities in its management.
- Being good neighbours Consult and engage with neighbours, communities, and other stakeholders regarding the management of the WGWE and upcoming operations to improve relationships and knowledge on how and why the estate is managed, reduce conflict, and encourage closer working relationships.
- Secure the WGWE boundary by maintaining and repairing external fencing to prevent encroachment of livestock impacting on crop establishment
- Maintain optimum environmental conditions around Darren Y Dimbaeth SSSI for the benefit of the rare vegetation types and habitats on this site.
- Manage invasive non-native plants on the WGWE.